HACKETTSTOWN REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER CARDIOPULMONARY ENDOTRACHEAL INTUBATION

Effective Date: March 2010 Policy No: 3B.020

Origin: Cardiopulmonary Cross Referenced:

Reviewed Date: 3/2010 **Authority: Cardiopulmonary Manager**

Revised Date: 12/2012 Page: 1of 2

SCOPE

All members of the Cardiopulmonary Department

PURPOSE

To ensure a patent airway, provide supplemental oxygen and institute positive-pressure ventilation when spontaneous breathing is inadequate or absent.

DEFINITION

Intubation is a procedure involving the insertion of an endotracheal tube from the mouth (or nose) into the airway to assist in breathing.

Equipment:

- Manual resuscitator with mask
- Laryngoscope handle with batteries
- Macintosh blade (curved)
- Miller blade (straight)
- Endotracheal tube (ETT)
- Stylet
- 10cc syringe
- Suction set-up
- Yankauer
- Oropharyngeal airways
- Water-soluble lubrication
- Stethoscope
- CO2 detector
- Tube tamer or tape

PROCEDURE

- Pre-intubation:
 - -Assemble laryngoscope and check function (light and blade)
 - -Check ETT cuff function, add stylet and lubrication
 - -Check for proper suction set-up
 - -Position the patient so that the mouth, pharynx and trachea are aligned, giving direct visualization of the vocal cords
- During intubation:
 - -Monitor the patient continuously for oxygen saturation, respiratory rate, heart rate, blood pressure and EKG (if available)
 - -Manually ventilate patient with 100% oxygen
 - -Place laryngoscope in left hand
 - -Insert blade into right side of mouth and advance while moving blade midline
 - -Properly lift laryngoscope at 45 degrees with straight wrist, without touching teeth
 - -Visualize the vocal cords, and with right hand, advance the ETT through the cords until

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the cuff disappears.

- -Carefully remove the laryngoscope
- -Remove the stylet and inflate the cuff
- -Manually ventilate patient
- -Listen to breath sounds to verify tube placement
- -Use ETCO2 detector to verify tube placement
- -Entire intubation process should take 20 seconds or less
- -Once tube placement is verified, secure with tube tamer or tape.

• Post intubation:

- -Monitor the patient continuously for oxygen saturation, respiratory rate, heart rate, blood pressure and EKG (if available)
- -Suction the patient, if needed
- -Attach patient to the ventilator with ventilator setting from physician
- -Physician will order a chest x-ray to confirm placement of ETT

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month / year Committee Name